## Chain rule quiz answers

Saturday, November 16, 2013 9:40 AM

Differentiate the following:

②  $y = (3x + 2)^4$ 

 $4 y = \frac{3}{5x^2+4}$ 

4 y = 3 where u = 5x2+4  $\frac{dx}{dx} = -3\pi \frac{dx}{dx} = 10x$ 9x = 9x × 9x

> =-3u-2 x (0 x  $= -30 \times n_{-5}$

y=2(3x+1)2 y= 2 u-2 where u= 3x+1 9n = 3 dy = dy x dy

Answes:

Using formula

① y = u<sup>3</sup> where u=x+2

dy = 3u<sup>2</sup> du = 1

다 = 다 x 하다 = 3u2 x 1  $=3(x+2)^2$ 

2) y=u4 where u=3x+2

dy = dy x du  $= 4u^{3} \times 3$   $= 4(3x+2)^{3} \times 3$   $= 12(3x+2)^{3}$ 

 $3 y = \frac{1}{u} \text{ where } u = 5x+1$   $y = u^{-1} \qquad \frac{du}{dx} = 5$   $\frac{dy}{dx} = -|u^{-2}|$ 9x = 9n x 9x  $= -|u^{-2} \times 5|$ 

 $= -5 u^{-2}$ 

By inspection

1 y=(x+2)3  $y' = 3(x+2)^2 \times 1$ 

3 y= (3x+2)4  $y' = 4(3x+2)^{3} \times 3$ = 12(3x+2)<sup>3</sup>

(3)  $y = (5x+1)^{-1}$   $y' = -1(5x+1)^{-2} \times 5$   $= -5(5x+1)^{-2}$  = -5  $(5x+1)^{2}$ 

@ y=3(5x2+4)-1 y=-3(5x2+4)-7x 10x

(5) y = 2 (3x+1)  $y' = -4(3x+1)^{-3} \times 3$  $= \frac{-17}{(3x+1)^3}$ 

$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{dy}{du} \times \frac{du}{dx}$ $= -4u^{-3} \times 3$ $= \frac{-12}{u^{3}}$ $= \frac{-12}{(3x+1)^{3}}$
$=-4u^{-3} \times 3$
~12
$=\frac{1}{\omega^3}$
$(3x+1)^3$